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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

Washington, OC

Mail Processing

Section

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

| REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEG | NNING 01/01/11 | AND ENDING | 12/31/11 |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| | MM/DD/YY | | MM/DD/YY |
| | A. REGISTRANT IDENTI | FICATION | |
| NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: | Saybrus Equity Services, I | Inc. | OFFICIAL USE ONLY |
| ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE | OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.C | D. Box No.) | FIRM I.D. NO. |
| One American Row | | | |
| | (No. and Street) | | |
| Hartford | Connecticut | | 06102-5056 |
| (City) | (State) | | (Zip Code) |
| NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMB Gary C. Tebbetts | ER OF PERSON TO CONTACT I | IN REGARD TO THIS RE (518) 479 | |
| | | | (Area Code – Telephone Number) |
| | B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTI | IFICATION | |
| PricewaterhouseCoopers, | * | | |
| 185 Asylum Street | Hartford | Connecticut | 06103-3404 |
| (Address) | (City) | (State) | (Zip Code) |
| CHECK ONE: | | | |
| 🖾 Certified Public Acco | untant | | |
| ☐ Public Accountant | | | |
| Accountant not reside | ent in United States or any of its po | ossessions. | |
| | FOR OFFICIAL USE | ONLY | |
| | | менен жана жана жана жана жана жана жана | |
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

| I. G | ary C. Tebbetts | , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of |
|--|---|---|
| my kn | owledge and belief the accompanying financial stat | tement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of |
| . S | avbrus Equity Services, Inc. | . as |
| of | December 31, | 20_11, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that |
| neithe | the company nor any partner, proprietor, principa | al officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account |
| classif | ied solely as that of a customer, except as follows: | |
| | | |
| - | | |
| | | |
| ON THE PARTY OF TH | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| LA | URAE. SANTINO | Signature |
| | NOTARY PUBLIC XMMISSION EXPRES FEB. 28, 2019 | Chief Financial Officer |
| MAG | Millioning Full storms over a man | Title |
| . 0 . | | |
| Day | wa E santino | |
| | Notary Public | |
| | eport ** contains (check all applicable boxes): | |
| 図 (a |) Facing Page. | |
| | Statement of Financial Condition. Statement of Income (Loss). | |
| [V] (c | N Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. | |
| [V] (e | Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity o | r Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. |
| □ (f |) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinate | d to Claims of Creditors. |
| (g | 3) Computation of Net Capital. | viscos anta Direction to Pula 1503-3 |
| | Computation for Determination of Reserve Requ Information Relating to the Possession or Control | of Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. |
| Bremont | 1 Information Relating to the Possession of Control A Respecification including appropriate explanat | ion of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the |
| Ų. | Computation for Determination of the Reserve I | Requirements Under Exhibit A of Kule 1303-3. |
| | x) A Reconciliation between the audited and unauc | dited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of |
| | consolidation. | |
| X (1 |) An Oath or Affirmation. | |
| | n) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. | and to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. |
| E4 (1 | 1) Wichout descripting any material manadanastes to | |

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Saybrus Equity Services, Inc.

(a wholly-owned subsidiary of Saybrus Partners, Inc.)
Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedule pursuant to
Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17a-5
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011



Saybrus Equity Services, Inc.

(a wholly-owned subsidiary of Saybrus Partners, Inc.)
Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedule pursuant to
Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17a-5
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Saybrus Equity Services, Inc. Table of Contents

| | Page |
|---|------|
| Report of Independent Auditors | 1 |
| Statement of Financial Condition | 2 |
| Statement of Operations | 3 |
| Statement of Stockholder's Equity | 4 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 5 |
| Notes to Financial Statements | 6-8 |
| Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 | 9 |



Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Saybrus Equity Services, Inc.:

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of financial condition and the related statements of operations, stockholder's equity and cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Saybrus Equity Services, Inc. (the "Company") at December 31, 2011 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 17, 2012

Pricewaterhonse Coopers LLP

Saybrus Equity Services, Inc. <u>Statement of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2011</u>

| Assets: | | 2011 |
|--|----|------------|
| *************************************** | • | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 926,581 |
| Concessions receivable from third parties Federal income tax receivable from affiliate | | 51,746 |
| | | 45,893 |
| Prepaid regulatory expenses Total assets | | 3,927 |
| i otal assets | \$ | 1,028,147 |
| 1 * 1 *10** | | |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Payable to affiliate | \$ | 345,943 |
| State income taxes payable | | 250 |
| Total liabilities | | 346,193 |
| | | |
| Stockholder's Equity: | | |
| Common stock, par value \$0.01 (100 shares authorized, issued and outstanding) | | 1 |
| Additional paid-in capital | : | 2,749,999 |
| Accumulated deficit | (; | 2,068,046) |
| Total stockholder's equity | | 681,954 |
| | | |
| Total liabilities and stockholder's equity | \$ | 1,028,147 |
| | | |

| | 2011 |
|---|--|
| Revenues: Concessions earned Interest income Total revenues | \$ 2,426,706 <u>4</u> 2,426,710 |
| Expenses: Salary and other compensation Employee benefits Other operating expenses Total expenses | 2,651,808 345,905 971,551 3,969,264 |
| Loss before income taxes | (1,542,554) |
| Income tax benefit | (53,556) |
| Net loss | \$ (1,488,998) |

| | 2011 |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Common Stock: | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 1 |
| Common shares issued | |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 1 |
| Additional Paid-in Capital: | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 2,749,999 |
| Issuance of shares | |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 2,749,999 |
| Accumulated Deficit: | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ (579,048) |
| Net loss | (1,488,998) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ (2,068,046) |
| Total Stockholder's Equity: | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 2,170,952 |
| Change in stockholder's equity | |
| Balance, end of year | (1,488,998) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 681,954 |

| | 2011 |
|---|---|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Net loss Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities: Decrease in concessions receivable | \$ (1,488,998) 93,442 |
| Increase in federal income tax receivable from affiliate Decrease in prepaid regulatory expenses Increase in payable to affiliate Decrease in income taxes payable to affiliate Cash used by operating activities | (45,893) 2,630 58,362 (7,663) (1,388,120) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | (1,388,120) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | 2,314,701 \$ 926,581 |

1. Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Business

Saybrus Equity Services, Inc. ("Saybrus Equity" or "Company") is a Delaware company organized on February 9, 2010 and registered as a securities broker/dealer with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") on August 8, 2010. Saybrus Equity is a wholly owned subsidiary of Saybrus Partners, Inc. ("Saybrus Partners"). Saybrus Partners is a majority-owned subsidiary of The Phoenix Companies, Inc. ("Phoenix"), a publicly traded company. Saybrus Equity provides wholesaling services of variable life insurance and variable annuities to various third party distributors and affiliates. Saybrus Equity is authorized to do business in all 50 states as well as the District of Columbia.

Saybrus Equity earns concession income base on contractual rates when the life or annuity product premium is funded and has no obligation past that period to perform services.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The single-year presentation is in accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Rule 17a-5.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of short term deposits with an initial term of less than three months.

Income Taxes

Saybrus Equity is included in the consolidated federal corporate income tax return and the combined Connecticut Corporation business tax return of Phoenix. In accordance with a written tax sharing agreement among Phoenix and its subsidiaries, income tax expense or benefit is computed as if Saybrus Equity were filing a separate federal and a separate state income tax return. Saybrus Equity receives current federal benefit for tax losses to the extent that the losses are utilized in Phoenix's consolidated federal income tax return. Saybrus Equity receives current state benefit for tax losses to the extent that the losses are utilized in Phoenix's combined Connecticut income tax return. Such amounts receivable from or payable to these affiliates are settled in accordance with the tax sharing agreement. Deferred tax assets and/or liabilities are determined by multiplying the differences between the financial reporting basis and tax reporting basis for assets and liabilities by the enacted tax rates expected to be in effect when such differences are recovered or settled. The effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rate is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Valuation allowances on deferred tax assets are estimated based on our assessment of the realizability of such amounts.

Revenue Recognition

Variable product concession income is recorded as income when earned and is based upon actual premium funding levels.

Concentration of Business

The Company monitors concentrations within its business in order to identify dependency on one or a few customers. The Company has two major relationships, one of which is a third party which accounted for approximately 98% of the Company's concessions revenue for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Transactions with Affiliates

Saybrus Equity has an expense sharing agreement with its parent Saybrus Partners. In accordance with the expense sharing agreement, Saybrus Partners pays operating expenses on the Company's behalf and is reimbursed through a cost allocation process. Expenses are incurred monthly and settled within 30 days. Expenses allocated to Saybrus Equity for the period ended December 31, 2011 were \$3,969,264. Such expenses may not represent the amount that Saybrus Equity would report if such relationship would not exist.

Saybrus Equity performs wholesaling services for Phoenix Life Insurance Company and PHL Variable Life Insurance Company, both wholly-owned subsidiaries of Phoenix. Concession income earned from these affiliates during the period ended December 31, 2011 was \$7,747.

The Company has no employees.

3. Regulatory Matters

Net Capital Requirement

Saybrus Equity is classified as a 'limited purpose' securities broker and dealer by FINRA. As such, the firm is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires maintenance of minimum net capital and certain debt to capital ratios. Due to its limited securities activities, the rule requires the Company to maintain minimum net capital equal to the greater of either \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of the Company's aggregate indebtedness as defined under Rule 15c3-1. The Company's capital exceeded this minimum throughout 2011.

At December 31, 2011, Saybrus Equity had net capital of \$580,388 and a net capital requirement of \$23,080. Rule 15c-1 also requires the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not to exceed 15 to 1. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 0.60 to 1 at December 31, 2011.

Exemptions from reserve requirements

Saybrus Equity does not hold customer securities and does not perform custodial functions relating to customer accounts; therefore, the Company is exempt pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 subparagraph (k)(1) from the possession and control requirements and the requirement to maintain reserves for the exclusive benefit of its customers.

Saybrus Equity deals exclusively with the sale of insurance products and variable annuities and as such has filed an exemption from the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") under section 78ccc(a)(2)(A)(ii) of the Securities Investors Protection Act of 1970 ("SIPA"). As of December 31, 2011, Saybrus Equity was in compliance with the conditions of these exemptions.

4. Commitments and Contingencies

Saybrus Equity may from time to time become involved in various legal proceedings, litigation and threatened litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. As of the date of these financial statements, there are no legal proceedings, which individually or in aggregate have a material effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

5. Income Taxes

The components of the income tax benefit for the period ended December 31, were as follows:

| | 2011 |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| Current Deferred | \$ (53,556) |
| Total income tax benefit | \$ (53,556) |

The following presents a reconciliation of income tax expense computed at the federal statutory rate to the income tax expense as reported:

| | 2011 |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Statutory rate | 35.0% |
| Meals and entertainment | (0.8)% |
| Valuation allowance | (30.5)% |
| Other | (0.2)% |
| Effective income tax rate | 3.5% |

The following summarizes the federal deferred income taxes for the period ended December 31:

| | 2011 |
|---|------------|
| Deferred Tax Assets | |
| Federal net operating loss carryforward | \$ 671,588 |
| Gross deferred tax assets | 671,588 |
| Less valuation allowance | (671,588) |
| Net deferred tax asset | \$ |

As part of the consolidated Federal return, Saybrus Equity has federal net operating loss carryforwards of \$570,211 and \$1,348,611 scheduled to expire in 2030 and 2031, respectively.

As of December 31, 2011, we performed our assessment of deferred tax assets. Significant management judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes and, in particular, any valuation allowance recorded against our deferred tax assets. Due to uncertainties related to our ability to utilize the deferred tax assets, a full valuation allowance has been established related to the \$671,588 of gross deferred tax assets at December 31, 2011. The amount of the valuation allowance has been determined based on our estimates of taxable income over the periods in which the deferred tax assets are expected to reverse.

As of December 31, 2011, Saybrus Equity does not have a liability for unrecognized tax benefits recorded in its financial statements. Saybrus Equity does not anticipate any material change in this position in the next twelve months.

There were no income taxes paid during the period ended December 31, 2011.

6. Subsequent Events

We evaluated events subsequent to December 31, 2011 and through February 17, 2012, the date of issuance of these financial statements. We have determined there have been no events that have occurred that would require adjustments to our financial statements.

On February 17, 2012, Saybrus Equity received a capital contribution from it's parent company, Saybrus Partners, in the amount of \$1,000,000.

Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

As of December 31, 2011

| Not conital | | 2011 |
|---|----------------------|---|
| Net capital Total stockholder's equity Deduct assets not allowable for net capital | \$ | 681,954 |
| Concession receivable from third parties Federal income tax receivable from affiliate | | 51,746 45,893 |
| Prepaid regulatory expenses Total deductions from net capital | | 3,927 101,566 |
| Net capital before specific reduction in the market value of securities | | 580,388 |
| Less securities haircuts pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 | _ | |
| Net capital | <u>\$</u> | 580,388 |
| Aggregate indebtedness Items included in statement of financial condition | | |
| Payable to affiliate State income tax payable | \$ | 345,943 250 |
| Total aggregate indebtedness | \$ | 346,193 |
| Computation of basic net capital requirement Minimum net capital required (based upon aggregate indebtedness) Minimum dollar requirement Net capital requirement Excess in net capital Ratio: aggregate indebtedness to net capital | \$ \$ \$ \$ | 23,080 5,000 23,080 557,308 0.60 to 1 |

Reconciliation with Company's Computation of Net Capital On Form X-17-5 as of December 31, 2011

There are no differences between this computation of net capital pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding computation prepared and included in the Company's amended unaudited Part II FOCUS Report filing as filed on February 17, 2012.



Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Required By SEC Rule 17a-5(g)(1)

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Saybrus Equity Services, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Saybrus Equity Services, Inc. (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we identified the following deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above. These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of Saybrus Equity Services, Inc. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 17, 2012. The Company did not maintain effective controls over the validity and accuracy of concessions receivable and concession revenue, the accuracy and cut-off of expenses, and the valuation of deferred tax assets. Specifically, the Company's controls failed to properly identify unreconciled differences between source documentation and the general ledger. The Company's failure to prepare timely and accurate reconciliations to the general ledger resulted in audit adjustments to the December 31, 2011 financial statements. In addition, these control deficiencies could result in a misstatement of the balances noted above that would cause a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements that would not be prevented or detected. Accordingly, we have concluded that this control deficiency constitutes a material weakness as of December 31, 2011.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and our study, we do not believe that the Company's procedures were not adequate at December 31, 2011 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 17, 2012

Pricewaterhonse Coopers LLP



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